

TABLE 1. Percentage distribution of women aged 15–49 living in five Kenyan cities, by characteristic, Measurement, Learning & Evaluation (MLE) Project, 2010

| Characteristic | Included in the analysis | Excluded from the analysis‡ |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ALL WOMEN | (N=3,246) | (N=2,399) |
| Age | | |
| 15–19 | 6 | 10 |
| 20–24 | 27 | 34 |
| 25–29 | 30 | 24 |
| 30–34 | 19 | 14 |
| 35–39 | 11 | 11 |
| 40–49 | 8 | 9 |
| Education | | |
| None | 2 | 3 |
| Incomplete primary | 14 | 11 |
| Complete primary | 29 | 24 |
| ≥some secondary | 55 | 63 |
| Religion | | |
| Catholic | 24 | 26 |
| Protestant/other Christian | 67 | 66 |
| Muslim/none/other | 9 | 8 |
| Currently married | | |
| Yes | 73 | 50 |
| No | 27 | 50 |
| Parity | | |
| 0 | 10 | 30 |
| 1 | 31 | 29 |
| 2 | 27 | 19 |
| 3 | 16 | 11 |
| ≥4 | 16 | 11 |
| Fertility intentions | | |
| Wants a pregnancy later | 50 | 60 |
| Does not want a pregnancy | 43 | 33 |
| Not sure she can get pregnant | 1 | 1 |
| Other | 1 | 1 |
| Does not know | 5 | 6 |
| Wealth | | |
| Poorest | 18 | 16 |
| Poor | 22 | 18 |
| Middle | 22 | 21 |
| Rich | 20 | 20 |
| Richest | 18 | 25 |
| City of residence | | |
| Nairobi | 70 | 82 |
| Mombasa | 18 | 13 |
| Kisumu | 7 | 3 |
| Machakos | 2 | 1 |
| Kakamega | 2 | 1 |
| Slum residence | | |
| Yes | 24 | 17 |
| No | 76 | 83 |
| Current contraceptive use | | |
| Modern method | 65 | 58 |
| Traditional method | 5 | 5 |
| Nonuse | 30 | 37 |
| CONTRACEPTIVE USERS | (N=2,267) | (N=1,516) |
| Method type | | |
| Female/male sterilization | 2 | 2 |
| Pill | 22 | 23 |
| IUD | 5 | 4 |
| Injectable | 45 | 33 |
| Male condom | 9 | 24 |
| Implant | 8 | 2 |
| Other modern method | 3 | 4 |
| Traditional method | 7 | 8 |
| Total | 100 | 100 |

‡Excluded because they linked to a non-MLE facility. *Note:* Ns and percentages are weighted.