

TABLE 1. Number of California Family PACT clients who received a contraceptive method, and percentage distribution of these clients by primary method received, according to selected characteristics, 2007

Characteristic	No.	Method						
		Pill	Injectable	Ring	Patch	IUD	Barrier/ECP	Total
All	1,046,447	45.1	13.5	6.4	6.3	3.0	25.4	100.0
Race/ethnicity								
White (ref)	243,826	57.6	9.1	10.6	3.1	1.7	17.8	100.0
Latina	644,263	39.8***	15.9***	4.5***	7.5***	3.9***	27.9***	100.0
Black	53,212	35.8***	15.5***	7.3***	4.9***	1.1***	35.2***	100.0
Asian	72,449	54.8***	7.0***	6.8***	7.9***	1.4***	22.1***	100.0
Other	32,697	50.3***	9.5*	9.0***	4.6***	2.3***	24.3***	100.0
Age								
≤19	213,047	47.6***	13.3***	6.5***	5.4***	1.1***	26.1***	100.0
20–29 (ref)	542,106	46.9	14.1	7.8	6.8	3.4	20.9	100.0
30–39	219,772	41.2***	13.5***	4.1***	6.8	4.1***	29.3***	100.0
≥40	71,522	35.9***	9.7***	2.1***	3.6***	2.5***	45.6***	100.0
Parity								
0 (ref)	533,579	52.2	9.2	8.3	5.1	0.9	24.1	100.0
1	190,799	38.2***	18.9***	5.6***	7.7***	4.5***	24.9***	100.0
≥2	322,069	37.0***	17.4***	3.6***	7.4***	5.7***	27.9***	100.0

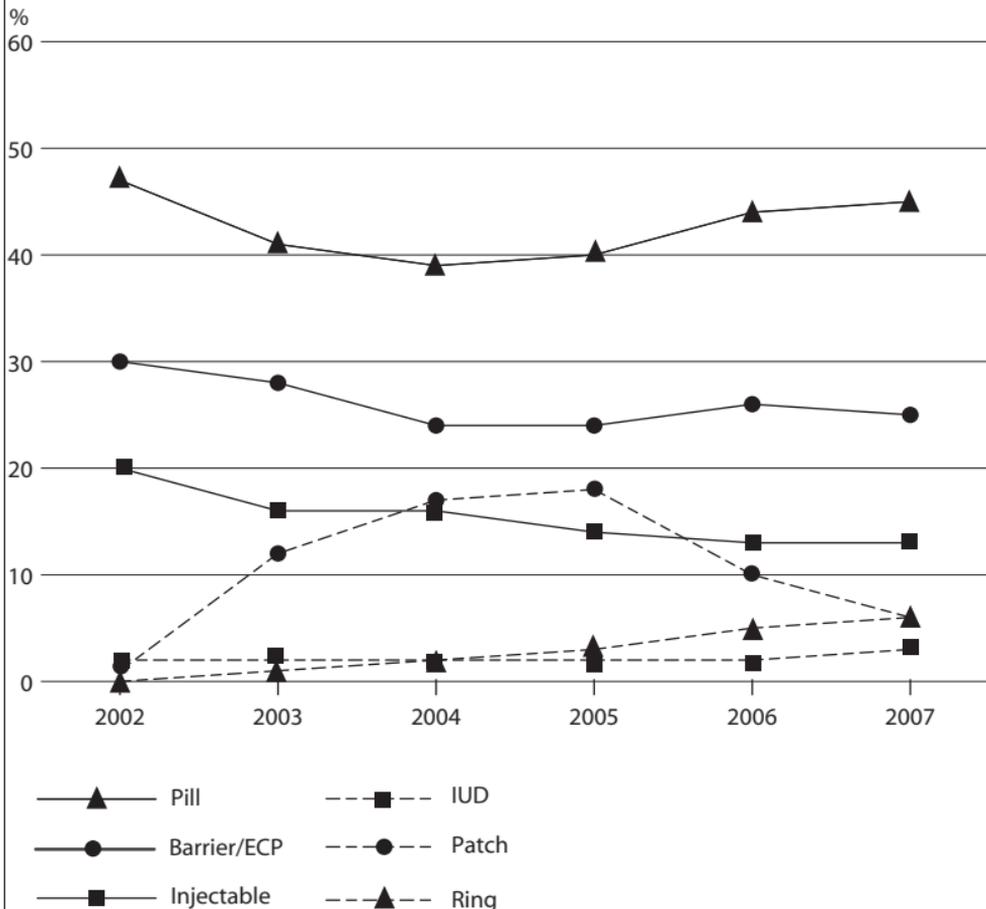
*p<.05. ***p<.001. Notes: Percentages may not sum to 100 because of rounding and because data on rarely used methods are not shown. ECP=emergency contraceptive pills. ref=reference group.

TABLE 2. Odds ratios (and 95% confidence intervals) from logistic regression analyses examining associations between selected characteristics of Family PACT clients and the primary contraceptive method they received, 2007

Characteristic	Pill	Injectable	Ring	Patch	IUD	Barrier/ECP
Race/ethnicity						
White (ref)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Latina	0.6 (0.6–0.6)***	1.4 (1.3–1.4)***	0.5 (0.5–0.5)***	2.3 (2.2–2.4)***	0.96 (0.92–0.99)*	1.9 (1.9–1.9)***
Black	0.4 (0.4–0.4)***	1.6 (1.6–1.7)***	0.7 (0.7–0.7)***	1.6 (1.5–1.7)***	0.5 (0.4–0.5)***	2.6 (2.5–2.6)***
Asian	0.9 (0.9–0.9)***	0.8 (0.7–0.8)***	0.6 (0.6–0.6)***	2.7 (2.6–2.8)***	0.7 (0.7–0.8)***	1.3 (1.3–1.3)***
Other	0.8 (0.7–0.8)***	1.0 (0.9–1.0)	0.8 (0.8–0.9)***	1.5 (1.5–1.6)***	1.2 (1.1–1.3)***	1.5 (1.4–1.5)***
Age						
≤19	0.9 (0.8–0.9)***	1.4 (1.3–1.4)***	0.7 (0.7–0.7)***	0.9 (0.9–0.9)***	0.7 (0.7–0.8)***	1.2 (1.2–1.2)***
20–29 (ref)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
30–39	1.03 (1.02–1.05)***	0.6 (0.6–0.7)***	0.7 (0.7–0.7)***	0.8 (0.8–0.8)***	0.7 (0.7–0.7)***	1.7 (1.7–1.7)***
≥40	0.8 (0.8–0.9)***	0.4 (0.4–0.4)***	0.3 (0.3–0.4)***	0.4 (0.4–0.4)***	0.4 (0.4–0.4)***	3.6 (3.6–3.7)***
Parity						
0 (ref)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
1	0.6 (0.6–0.6)***	2.4 (2.4–2.4)***	0.8 (0.8–0.8)***	1.3 (1.3–1.4)***	5.4 (5.2–5.6)***	0.9 (0.9–0.9)***
≥2	0.6 (0.6–0.6)***	2.7 (2.6–2.7)***	0.6 (0.6–0.7)***	1.4 (1.3–1.4)***	7.9 (7.6–8.2)***	0.8 (0.8–0.8)***

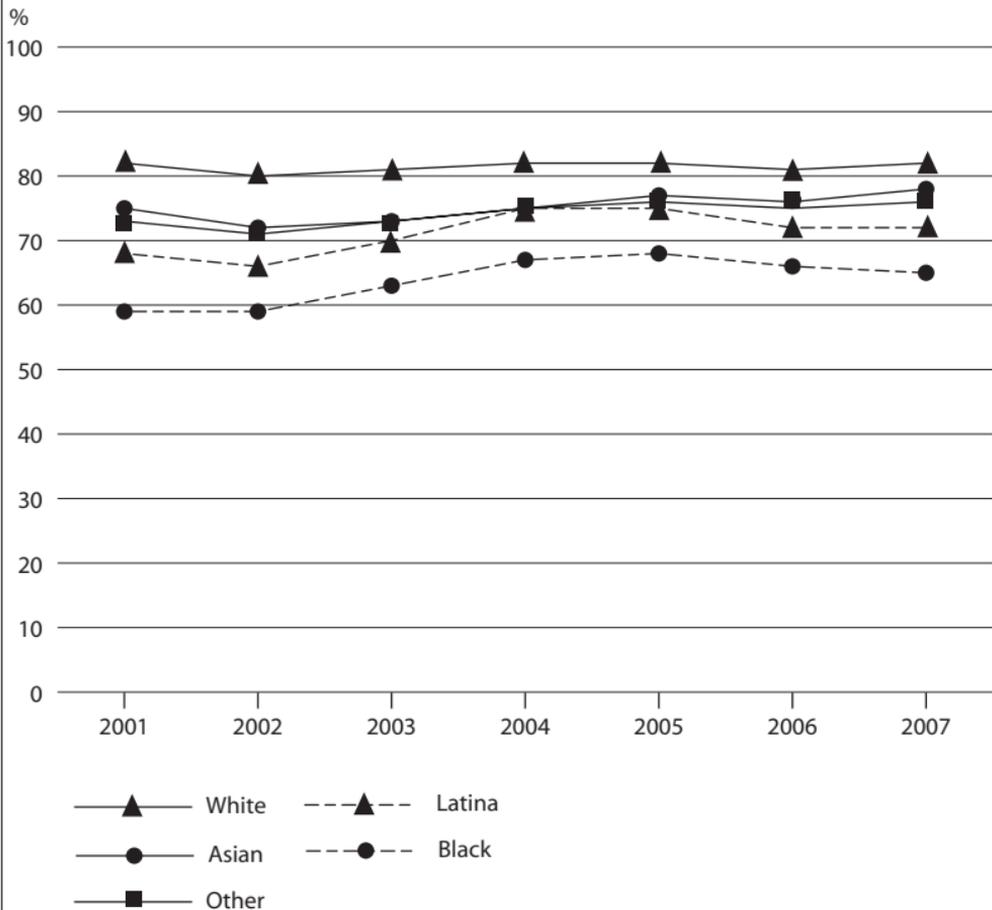
*p<.05. ***p<.001. Notes: ECP=emergency contraceptive pills. ref=reference group.

FIGURE 1. Percentage of contraceptive users receiving each method as their primary method, Family PACT, 2002–2007



Note: ECP=emergency contraceptive pills.

FIGURE 2. Percentage of contraceptive users whose primary method was highly effective, by race and ethnicity, Family PACT, 2001–2007



Note: Tubal sterilization, implant, IUD, injectable and combined hormonal methods were considered highly effective methods.