

**Table 3. Percentage-point change between surveys in contraceptive prevalence, and percentage distribution of change, by contribution of changes in composition of fertility preferences or contribution of changes in rates of use within preference categories, by country**

Country	Change in prevalence	% distribution	
		Composition*	Rates†
<b>Sub-Saharan Africa</b>			
Côte d'Ivoire	8.4	24.2	75.8
Ghana	10.6	39.2	60.8
Kenya	29.6	22.8	77.2
Senegal	7.9	24.9	75.1
Tanzania	7.7	19.4	80.6
Uganda	10.0	16.2	83.8
Zambia	11.5	8.1	91.9
<b>North Africa &amp; West Asia</b>			
Egypt	24.6	19.4	80.6
Morocco	21.9	17.9	82.1
Tunisia	18.6	25.2	74.8
Turkey	23.0	17.7	82.3
Yemen	7.2	18.8	81.2
<b>South Asia &amp; Southeast Asia</b>			
Bangladesh	40.8	13.5	86.5
Indonesia	28.3	13.0	87.0
Nepal	25.6	24.5	75.5
Philippines	10.0	13.8	86.2
Sri Lanka	27.0	15.2	84.8
Thailand	31.8	8.8	91.2
<b>Latin America</b>			
Brazil	9.3	12.1	87.9
Colombia	28.2	3.5	96.5
Dominican Rep.	29.7	12.0	88.0
Ecuador	9.7	33.7	66.3
Guatemala	7.3	-7.1	107.1
Mexico	21.8	16.5	83.5
Paraguay	10.8	17.8	82.2
Peru	31.6	3.6	96.4

\*Composition of the population according to fertility preferences: desire for additional births and the actual-ideal gap. †Rates of use within fertility preference categories. *Notes:* Respective contributions of composition and rates were determined through a regression decomposition analysis. For years in which surveys were conducted, see Table 1.