

**Table 1. Percentage distribution of men, by demographic characteristics, according to group, South Africa, 1999**

Characteristics	Clinic patients (N=95)	General population (N=98)	University students (N=50)
<b>Age</b>			
<20	7.4	8.2	14.0
20–24	22.1	31.6	60.0
25–19	27.4	25.5	20.0
30–34	15.8	18.4	6.0
35–39	12.6	6.1	0.0
≥40	14.7	10.2	0.0
<b>Education</b>			
≤5 years	19.2	5.2	0.0
6–8 years	24.5	17.7	0.0
9–10 years	37.2	43.7	90.0
Tertiary schooling	19.2	33.3	na
<b>Employment</b>			
Full-time	39.4	36.1	11.8
Part-time	22.3	34.0	9.8
Unemployed	19.2	15.5	7.8
Student	19.2	14.4	70.6
<b>Ethnicity</b>			
Black	91.5	47.9	89.7
Indian	5.3	0.0	7.7
White	3.2	13.3	0.0
Other	0.0	38.8	2.6
<b>Marital/relationship status</b>			
Married, no girlfriend	19.8	14.7	15.2
Married, girlfriend	20.9	8.4	0.0
Single, regular partner	20.9	27.4	17.4
Single, casual partner	34.1	31.6	52.2
Single, no partner	4.4	17.9	15.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Notes: The three study groups were statistically compared using chi-square tests. All p-values were statistically significant at  $p=0.001$ . na=not applicable.