

Table 2. Percentage of schools, by program characteristics (N=421)

Characteristic	%
Method of providing condoms	
Principals	27
Teachers	52
Counselors	47
Nurses†	54
Other health workers‡	29
Other school personnel	13
Students	2
Bowls/baskets	5
Vending machines	3
Restrictions	
Active parental consent is required	10
Passive parental consent is required	71
Counseling is required§	49
Condoms are made available only at selected times	40
Number of visits each week is limited	7
Number of condoms provided at visit is limited	74
Students must pay for condoms††	1
Program components	
Available counseling	98
K–12 sex education curriculum	50
K–12 HIV education curriculum	51
K–12 sex education or HIV education curriculum	55
School health center	24
Other supportive activities‡‡	78

†Includes both school nurses employed by the school districts and nurses in school-based health clinics employed by outside health agencies. ‡Includes health educators from outside health departments or family planning agencies and health workers in school health suites other than nurses. §Most commonly only at the first visit. ††Because condoms are available only through vending machines. ‡‡For example, assemblies, special HIV-related events and peer education programs.