Table 1. Percentage distribution of survey respondents, by fecundity, pregnancy, sexual, contraceptive and intendedness status, and levels of unmet need for contraception, all according to country and sex of respondents, Fertility and Family Surveys, 1991–1997

Country and year	N	Fecundity status unknown	Infecund	Fecund, currently pregnant			Not sexually active	Sexually active, using contraceptive method		Sexually active, using no method			Unmet need	
				Wanted	Unwanted	Status unknown		Modern	Traditional	Wants more births	Wants no more births	Status unknown	Minimum†	Maximum‡
Belgium (1991–1992)														
All	5,433	2.8	13.7	u	u	4.7	11.1	54.2	3.1	7.3	2.5	0.4	2.5	5.6
Men	2,198	3.5	11.1	u	u	4.4	15.6	52.8	2.5	6.6	3.2	0.3	3.2	5.7
Women	3,235	2.4	15.5	u	u	5.0	8.0	55.2	3.5	7.8	2.1	0.5	2.1	5.6
Bulgaria (1997–1998)														
Women	2,367	9.9	0.1	0.3	0.8	1.8	21.8	23.3	13.1	6.8	21.8	0.3	22.6	35.8
Czech Republic (1997)														
All	2,457	7.7	8.8	3.4	0.6	0.0	14.3	45.1	7.6	4.7	7.9	0.0	8.5	16.1
Men	721	8.3	8.8	4.5	0.6	0.0	3.5	51.0	8.1	5.9	9.2	0.1	9.7	17.8
Women	1,735	7.4	8.8	2.9	0.7	0.0	18.8	42.6	7.3	4.2	7.4	0.0	8.0	15.4
France (1994)														
All	4,885	9.9	8.7	3.3	0.2	0.2	9.1	53.9	4.3	4.5	4.9	1.1	5.1	9.4
Men	1,941	22.8	7.3	3.1	0.1	0.1	4.2	49.5	4.5	3.5	4.2	0.7	4.3	8.8
Women	2,944	1.4	9.6	3.4	0.3	0.3	12.3	56.8	4.1	5.1	5.4	1.4	5.7	9.8
Hungary (1992–1993)														
All	5,487	4.7	4.2	3.1	1.0	0.0	15.2	53.7	7.1	4.6	4.7	1.7	5.7	12.7
Men	1,933	5.7	3.3	2.5	0.9	0.0	17.1	49.2	5.8	6.8	7.6	1.0	8.4	14.3
Women	3,554	4.1	4.8	3.4	1.0	0.0	14.2	56.1	7.7	3.5	3.2	2.1	4.2	11.9
Italy (1995–1996)														
All	6,030	5.0	10.6	1.9	0.5	0.0	21.6	33.1	14.8	5.3	7.1	0.1	7.7	22.4
Men	1,206	6.5	4.7	1.5	0.6	0.1	18.8	40.8	12.0	6.9	8.2	0.0	8.8	20.8
Women	4,824	4.7	12.1	1.9	0.5	0.0	22.3	31.2	15.5	4.9	6.9	0.1	7.4	22.8
Latvia (1995)														
All	4,200	19.7	1.5	0.9	0.8	0.3	19.2	33.1	6.0	6.9	11.6	0.1	12.5	18.5
Men	1,501	11.5	1.5	1.4	0.9	0.3	18.0	37.0	5.3	9.1	14.9	0.1	15.8	21.1
Women	2,699	24.3	1.4	0.6	0.8	0.3	19.8	30.9	6.4	5.7	9.8	0.0	10.6	17.0
Lithuania (1994–1995)														
All	5,000	0.3	0.0	u	u	3.7	34.5	23.2	11.8	7.6	13.0	5.9	13.0	24.8
Men	2,000	0.5	0.0	u	u	4.0	30.1	24.5	12.8	9.1	14.3	4.8	14.3	27.1
Women	3,000	0.2	0.0	u	u	3.5	37.5	22.3	11.2	6.6	12.1	6.6	12.1	23.3
Slovenia (1994–1995)														
All	4,559	0.7	3.8	2.5	0.3	0.1	21.7	43.7	12.4	6.9	5.9	1.9	6.3	18.6
Men	1,840	1.1	3.0	2.8	0.1	0.0	24.7	41.4	12.6	7.4	5.7	1.3	5.8	18.3
Women	2,719	0.4	4.4	2.3	0.5	0.2	19.7	45.3	12.3	6.5	6.0	2.4	6.6	18.9
Spain (1994–1995)														
All	6,014	0.2	12.8	1.9	0.6	0.0	28.0	40.7	8.2	3.7	2.5	1.5	3.1	11.3
Men	1,992	0.4	10.3	2.0	0.5	0.1	29.3	43.2	5.9	4.2	2.9	1.2	3.4	9.2
Women	4,021	0.1	14.0	1.8	0.7	0.0	27.3	39.5	9.3	3.5	2.3	1.6	3.0	12.3

†Minimum estimate consists of those with an unwanted current pregnancy and sexually active individuals not using a method and wanting no (or no more) births. ‡Maximum estimate consists of those with an unwanted current pregnancy, sexually active individuals not using a method and wanting no (or no more) births, and sexually active contraceptive users relying on traditional methods. *Notes:* Various surveys covered the following age ranges: Belgium, 20–40; Bulgaria, 18–40; Czech Republic, 15–44; France, 20–49; Hungary, 20–44 (men) and 18–41 (women); Italy, 20–49; Latvia, 18–49; Lithuania, 18–49; Slovenia, 15–45; and Spain, 18–49. No data on men are available for Bulgaria. u=unavailable.