

**TABLE 3. Rate of contraceptive use, by method type; general abortion rate; use-specific abortion rate, by method type; change in general abortion rate; and decomposition of change in general abortion rate—all among married women aged 15–44, according to selected characteristics, Georgia Reproductive Health Survey, 1999 and 2005**

Characteristic	Contraceptive use								General abortion rate		Use-specific abortion rate					
	Any		Modern		Traditional		None				Modern		Traditional		None	
	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005	1999	2005
<b>All</b>	39	48*	20	26*	20	22	61	52*	203	172*	24	24	97	136*	296	260*
<b>Age</b>																
15–24	24	28*	14	18*	10	10	76	72*	242	212	40	50	161	230	291	250*
25–29	41	48*	23	28*	19	20	59	52*	259	233	32	25	111	212	395	354
30–35	46	56*	22	31*	24	25	54	44*	224	198	20	25	104	155*	361	341
35–44	43	53	19	25*	24	28	57	47*	129	106*	14	12	68	79	192	173
<b>Parity</b>																
0	3	4	2	3	1	1	98	96	18	5*	0	0	0	0	19	5*
1	31	38*	18	23*	14	15	69	62*	216	177*	53	47	133	170	274	227*
≥2	47	56*	22	29*	24	27	53	44*	225	192*	18	18	91	129*	373	349
<b>Residence</b>																
Urban	43	53*	23	30*	20	23*	57	47*	215	165*	31	31	119	157	323	250*
Rural	35	42*	15	21*	20	21	65	58*	190	181	12	12	72	112*	268	266
<b>Education</b>																
0–10	26	39*	10	16*	16	23	74	61*	197	197	6	10	66	134	252	269
11	35	43*	16	20*	19	23	65	57*	203	182	17	19	93	109	282	269
>11	44	52*	23	30*	21	22	56	48*	204	163*	28	26	103	159*	314	253*
<b>Socioeconomic status</b>																
Low	33	43*	13	20*	20	23	67	57*	193	172	16	14	79	101	263	255
Middle	41	48*	21	26*	21	22	59	52*	213	177*	23	17	103	146*	319	271*
High	47	56*	30	34*	16	22*	54	44*	189	162	34	48	123	181	297	242

\*Standard error of the difference in rates between 1994–1999 and 2000–2005 is significant at  $p < .05$  as calculated using the jackknife repeated replication method. *Notes:* All data refer to the 60 months prior to the survey: November 1994–October 1999 for the 1999 survey and March 2000–February 2005 for the 2005 survey. Contraceptive use rates refer to rates of use per 100 married-woman-years. Modern methods are the IUD, the condom, the pill, tubal ligation and spermicides; traditional methods are periodic abstinence and withdrawal. General abortion rates refer to the number of abortions per 1,000 married-woman-years; use-specific abortion rates refer to the number of abortions per 1,000 married-woman-years in which a modern method, a traditional method or no method was used. All calculations use unrounded numbers; use of rounded numbers will yield slightly different results.

**TABLE 3. continued**

Characteristic	Change in general abortion rate	Decomposition of change	
		Change in contraceptive use	Change in use-specific abortion rate
<b>All</b>	31	17	14
<b>Age</b>			
15–24	30	7	23
25–29	26	20	6
30–34	26	28	–2
35–44	23	14	9
<b>Parity</b>			
0	13	0	13
1	39	10	29
≥2	33	29	4
<b>Residence</b>			
Urban	51	17	34
Rural	9	17	–7
<b>Education</b>			
0–10	0	24	–24
11	21	16	5
>11	41	18	23
<b>Socioeconomic status</b>			
Low	21	20	1
Middle	36	16	20
High	27	11	16