

**TABLE 5. Percentage distribution of abortion attempts, by level of morbidity of symptom and bed-rest measures, according to provider and method**

Measure	Self (N=350)	Government medical provider		Private medical provider			Nonmedical providers <sup>§</sup> (N=60)
		Surgical (N=103)	Nonsurgical (N=44)	Surgical (N=226)	Pills <sup>†</sup> (N=113)	Other <sup>‡</sup> (N=57)	
<b>Symptoms</b>							
None	53.8	44.4	54.4	39.3	37.9	34.3	38.5
Moderate	22.5	34.5	12.7	41.9	42.3	46.8	16.8
Severe	23.7	21.2	32.9	18.8	19.8	18.9	44.7
<b>Bed rest (days)</b>							
0	75.9	46.5	69.2	44.2	75.2	67.6	57.8
1–3	14.0	20.3	17.0	28.6	21.0	30.2	19.7
≥4	10.1	33.2	13.8	27.2	3.7	2.2	22.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

<sup>†</sup>Includes malaria pills and other unspecified pills used in an abortion attempt; medication abortion was neither legal nor available in Madhya Pradesh during the survey period. <sup>‡</sup>Includes insertion of an object into the vagina; eating or drinking spicy foods, hot drinks or herbs; massage; carrying heavy loads; and intentional jumping or falling. <sup>§</sup>Includes husbands, traditional providers, pharmacists, compounders and other nonmedically trained individuals who either gave the woman something or performed a procedure themselves. Note: Five cases were excluded because of incomplete information.