

**TABLE 3. Estimated number of menstrual regulation (MR) procedures, percentage distribution of MRs by type of provider and MR rate, all according to division**

Division	Total no. of MRs	Public sector		Private clinics	NGO providers	Total	No. of MRs per 1,000 women aged 15–44
		UH&FWCs	Other facilities*				
<b>Bangladesh</b>	<b>653,078</b>	<b>46.2</b>	<b>17.1</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>27.6</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>18.3</b>
Barisal	42,740	42.0	28.7	3.2	26.1	100.0	20.0
Chittagong	99,494	42.3	19.4	3.4	34.9	100.0	15.1
Dhaka	223,569	42.3	13.0	14.9	29.8	100.0	20.1
Khulna	61,833	30.4	13.3	20.8	35.4	100.0	13.7
Rajshahi	197,148	60.2	18.8	4.2	16.8	100.0	22.0
Sylhet	28,294	33.7	19.6	2.0	44.7	100.0	12.3

\*Includes public and private medical college hospitals, district hospitals, upazila health complexes, and mother and child welfare centers. Notes: UH&FWC= union health and family welfare center. NGO=nongovernmental organization.